Applications for Children with Autism in Preschool and Primary Education

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Abstract—In this article, we decided to focus on applications for children with Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) knowing the significant influence of them on those children. Below, we analyze the different types of applications that are available for children with ASD. The applications are presenting, have been categorized in three categories. The first category is Diagnostic Tools, the second is Intervention Tools and the third is generally Mobile Apps. This separation was made to give a clear view about the characteristics and the developmental area each application covers. Finally, the applications have been chosen, based on positive reviews, in combined with how many had download and install them, whether they were easy to use and if they responded to what their description said they were providing.

Keywords—ASD, Diagnostic Tools, Intervention Tools, Mobile Apps

1 Introduction

Autism characterized as a neurodevelopmental disorder that affects a child at a very early age, before three and last throughout the entire life. This disorder produces persistent deficiencies in social communication, difficulties in interaction and manifestation of repetitive or unusual behaviors. Autism belongs at ASD, which called “spectrum disorder” because of the symptoms that could be range from mild to severe. ASD also includes Asperger’s Syndrome, Childhood Disintegrative disorder and Pervasive Developmental Disorder not otherwise specified (PDD-NOS) [2, 3, 18, 38].

According to current reports, the last few years is estimated that there is a 30% globally increase in children diagnosed with ASD. Countries with highest rate of autism are United States, China and South Korea. Autism also found in Asia, Europe and other regions [2, 47]. About clinical diagnosis of ASD, is reported that typically occurs between the ages of 3 and 4, and through surveys it seems that boys are more affected than girls [2, 38]. The cause of ASD has not been clearly identified, but there are some significant causes, such as genetic problems, advanced age of the parents and the child’s exposure to certain drugs during the pregnancy [41].

There are two main early signs of autism. The first is social un-connectedness such as reduced eye contact that can be observed already at the age of six months and the
second is repetitive behaviours such as flapping hands [46, 48, 49]. Also there are more early indications of autism like pre aggressive behaviour such as, rocking head backward and forth, open mouth with tighten teeth and shrank eyes [49].

Despite extensive and comprehensive ASD researches, there are currently no medical laboratory tests to diagnose autism and is not curable [14, 44]. That’s why is very important to diagnose autism as early as possible so there is early intervention to improve child’s condition [14]. In many developing countries early diagnose and intervention services are unable to offer such intensive services to children with ASD, due to lack in trained staff and high costs of intensive therapy, because of their extended or indefinite duration. As a result, many families of children with autistic disorder have limited access in diagnose and early intensive behavioral intervention (EIBI) [38].

The importance of early intervention, lies in the fact that in early ages children have neuroplasticity, and through early diagnose and intervention they can develop and improve the areas in which they have difficulty [38]. In addition, current neurophysiological and behavior experiments, show that children with autism have lack of emotional empathy and because of that, it is difficult to them to share their feelings and recognize what the others feel. That’s why children in the autistic spectrum, often have reduced or unexpected behavior, when they have to deal with their or other’s emotions and that causes problems in their social relationships [57].

The appropriate efficient and effective intervention and training environment for children with autism, is provided by computers, tablets, smart phones etc., so they fulfill their needs as they have specific structure, consistancy and predictability. That seems to help increase communication skills among children with ASD, by a way of augmentative alternative communication (AAC) or, on-screen social information [16, 22, 38, 57]. This is one of the reasons that autistic children, are attracted by technology. Another reason which technology has high appeal to children with ASD, is the fact that most of these children are visual learners [38].

Furthermore, technology provides to those children a non-stress frame that is allowed them to learn with their own pace [14, 22, 57]. Also, using technology for early diagnose, intervention, and skills improving, we give the chance to families with autistic children in developing countries, where there is high cost of intensive therapy and lack of awareness, resources, services and trained professionals to administer autism, to have access to all the necessary procedures of diagnose, intervention and rehabilitation that will help their children [2].

2 Diagnostic Tools for Children with Autism in Preschool and Primary Education

Autism needs careful observation, so to be diagnose, different screening tools need to be used depending on the age of the children which may not be well adopted in all countries. Screening tools have been developed for children of different age group, social behavior, culture, customs, traditions and local context, as all of these varies from country to country. Many screening applications have been developed to screen
autism automatically. However, till date there are no applications able to ensure inter-
active as well as efficient screening with clinical validation [2].

The applications that follow use interactive screening questionnaires, they have
small age scope and the last one uses video assessment.

**EarlyThree** is a childhood development tracking tool, that is about children from 8
to 36 months. This app is very helpful for parents and pediatricians, as provide them
the ability to detect developmental delays such as ASD. The users have to answer a
series of questions about their child’s development. At the end of the process they can
review and edit their answers. Finally, the question’s results are displayed in three
different coloured bands. Green for normal development, Yellow for more watchful
monitoring and Red for developmental delays and further medical evaluation [17].

**ASDetect** is evaluated the social and behavioral characteristics using videos and
non-videos combined with questionnaires. Has designed for toddlers younger than 2.5
years and is a video-based app that parents can use to look for autistic traits related to
their children. Therefore, children over 2.5 years of age, adolescents and adults cannot
served by **ASDetect** [52].

Below we analyze another type of application in which the assessment process
consists of interactive screening questionnaires but unlike previous applications, it
covers a larger age scope.

**sASDTest** is an application offers a friendly, time-efficient and accessible autism
tests and covers the entire age range from 18 months to adults. Also, it serves larger
communities worldwide as well as being available in 11 different languages and
maintained the brevity as each test contains 10 questions. The users selects the proper
language and age category. Once the users complete the test and amend any of the
answers they want, they automatically transferred to the results screen, where they
will see the score number of their test with appropriate text. For toddlers, if the score
is greater than 3 that denotes a clinical assessment being necessary. If the score is less
than 3 there are no ASD traits. Also, the users can e-mail the results as PDF form that
contains the necessary information [52].

The application is presented below has interactive screening questionnaires for
ASD detection, covers a larger age scope and contains more assessment steps.

**Smart Autism** is an app that purposed to automate the traditional approaches to
screening and confirming autism. This app has an integrated screening tool targeting
different age group, from 0 to 17 years old, to speed up the process. Depending on the
child’s birth date the framework selects the appropriate screening method. It consists
of three layers assessment process, **Screening, Virtual Assessment and Actual Assess-
ment**. At **Screening**, if autism is suspected, the framework automatically refer the user
to the **Virtual Assessment** process. The child watches a video and its reaction is rec-
corded and uploaded to the cloud to remotely expert evaluation. At last, if autism is
still suspected the integrated framework confirms autism automatically and referred
the child to the nearest Autism Resource Center (ARC) for **Actual Assessment** [2, 50].

The most complete type of this category is the one mentioned below, which be-
sides the features previous types of applications, has also Parent Counseling, and
Intervention and Follow-up.
AutismXpress is an integrated cloud-based framework that has the ability of screening, can track diagnostic results, and also provides online counseling for parents and can monitor intervention progress automatically. The age range it captured is from 0 to 17 years. Depending on the age the user enters, the app selects the appropriate set of questionnaires. The first app’s section is Screening, which uses three different screening tools (M-Chat-R, Childhood Autism Spectrum Test, and Autism Spectrum Screening Questionnaire). If responses show that the child has ASD, then the follow section, Confirmation, is initiated, coordinated, and tracked automatically by the cloud. It consists of Virtual and Actual Assessment. The child will see some videos with different activities in the Virtual Assessment process, and depending on its response, it will be referred to the nearest ARC for Actual Assessment process, and if autism is detected, an expert will suggest the appropriate plan for the child. As for the Parent Counseling section, videos, mostly about behavioral and educational aspects, are uploaded to a YouTube channel for parents. In the Intervention and Follow-up section, the child’s progress is continuously tracked and monitored by the system, and that enables experts to make the necessary changes at child’s diagnosis and skill development. However, Autism Express is under development, but when it is completed, it would bring significant changes in the traditional autism diagnosis and treatment process [13].

The last category of diagnostic applications is that their assessment process has been based on analyzing recording children’s reaction to stimulus to detect ASD traits. Below we present an app with the previous characteristics, that it also covers a large age scope.

Cognoa for child development is a diagnostic app that currently is only available for the parents as a family benefit through employers and in select physician's offices. The native app does not give the chance to other users to create an account. Cognoa has digital developmental assessment, personalized therapeutics, and expert activities. All these provide accurate, earlier diagnoses, and more effective treatments. This app is about children from 1 to 8 years. Firstly, the parents have to answer a parental questionnaire which includes 17 or 21 questions, depending on the child’s age. In addition, it is requested by the parents to record a two or three minute home video of the child’s behavior and upload it so the experts have a more complete view of the child to do the diagnosis. After this procedure, the app informs the parents for the results [1, 6, 21, 29].

At the same category belongs Autism & Beyond, which is a video-based screening app, available for the public but it is used for the study on child mental health of Duke University and the Duke Medical Center. The future goal is to be used by the public to diagnose ASD at home [11].

3 Intervention Tools for Children with Autism in Preschool and Primary Education

Data generated from surveys shows that EIBI is a very effective treatment for children with ASD [38]. Most researches for applications have focused on the study of
them as intervention systems and not as intervention devices themselves. Due to the increase of children diagnosed with ASD at younger ages, coupled with the emphasis on early intervention, the demand for healing methods is increasing [47].

There are different categories of intervention applications for ASD. The two apps which are presented below, are apps that helps children to develop their developmental delays, improve their skills and mental disabilities.

**TOBY (Therapy Outcomes by You)** is an intervention app that has the key features of a comprehensive, individualized and quality EIBI. **TOBY** is a platform based-on applications that provides timely intensive behavioral interventions to facilitate learning for children with ASD [38, 55]. **TOBY** actually teach parents the basics of operant conditioning so they can help their children at the crucial areas of their development. This app can be used by children or parents at any time and conjunction with other early intervention programs. It has three types of tasks. The first type is the *Solo* task which can performed by the child without assistance but it doesn’t cover a wide range of skills. The algorithm will prompt the child if wrong and reward it if correct. The second type is *Partner* task which provide parents oversee their child’s progress. At the third type of tasks, *Natural Environment Training*, skills are transferred to natural settings to become generalized. The app contains four skills areas: Sensory, Imitation, Language and Social. At last, the app provides parents an activity report, where they can monitor their child’s progress, by seeing the skills that have been mastered which are grouped by skills areas [56].

**Autism early intervention - Cuedin app** is an android based early intervention educational app for slow learners, children with special needs, developmental delays and mental disabilities. The age range it covers is from 3 to 9 years old [51]. It has Manage Sensory Overload by limited using of colors and sounds, which provides a very predictable sensory input and a comfortable learning experience. The app tries to provide a framework that includes a wide range of development areas such as academics, languages, social skills, everyday routines, etc. The user can print worksheets from the vast connect database. In addition, is able to track and record user’s performance to see if the objective target is met. Finally, is about an app that is continuously improving to provide as many options as possible [25, 51].

Another category of intervention apps is that deals with social and emotional delays and help children with autism to improve their empathy, social behavior and relationships with others.

**CaptureMyEmotion** is an app still in using only for research and it’s not available for the public yet. However, it is important to mention it because, this app uses sensor input to measure the user’s emotions and helps users gauge the intensity of their emotions. The app’s target group is children from 7 years and older who are capable of using a smartphone. Is about a personalized tool for children that provides them the chance to learn, understand and discuss their feelings. Children are able, at the same time, to take photos, videos, sounds, sense and self-report their emotions. **CaptureMyEmotion** uses a wrist worn sensor called “Q sensor” which measures skin temperature and motion changes. The sensor it’s easy to worn, transmits the data in real time to a mobile phone, can be worn for a long period of time and gives an indication about the wearer’s emotional state. Finally, based on the physiological data are col-
lected the app calculates the arousal level, which is shown under each picture, video or sound together with other information such as date, time and GPS coordinates [19, 42].

My digital problem solver (DPS) is aimed to 9-12 years children. Is about an app that helps users to identify emotions and coping strategies. The app enables children to select a feeling and a coping strategy in order to manage themselves and calm down. My DPS features eight feelings which are Bored, Surprised, Mad, Annoyed, Happy, Scared, Sad and Frustrated. Also the app includes four coping strategies which are “Use Positive Self-Talk”, “Take Five Deep Breaths”, “Take a Break to Calm Down” and “Remind Myself to Keep Negative Thoughts in My Head”. Every time the user selects a strategy will see a Hollywood quality animated video which show the user the way to do the strategy. Additionally, the users can add their own feelings and coping strategies by taking photos or importing pictures from their phone. Finally, users can add text to label the feeling or the strategy [35, 53].

In the same category there are some other apps for emotional and social improvement in children with ASD such as Sesame Street Breathe, Pocoyo Playset – Feelings, Expressions for Autism [20], Avokiddo Emotions [12], ABA Flash Cards & Games – Emotions, Touch and Learn – Emotions [39, 54], Learn with Rufus: Emotions [53] etc.

Another important category is that of applications for communication support and speaking and learning ability improving. Some of them are presented below.

Otsimo is a certified and awarded educational game application which is based on ABA therapy, one of the most widely known and trusted behavioral therapy technique for children with learning disorders and attention deficit problems. The app is aimed to teach fundamental education about core skills such as numbers, emotions, words, etc. Otsimo has a free AAC for nonverbal children or with speech problem. The game has two separate platforms for children and their families. Children section includes ad-free educational games. Family section is a platform where the parents can have access to their child’s education program, they can see review of their child’s progress, checks the reports and configure difficult settings. Finally, Otsimo provides access to more than 50 educational games, personalized special education for each child, daily and weekly reports about the games the child played [36]

Autism Language and Cognitive Therapy with MITA is an early intervention computerized brain training application for children with ASD. Children from 5 years and under can use the application. The app is based on ABA technique of visual-visual and auditory-visual conditional discrimination, Language therapy technique of following directions with increasing complexity and Pivotal Response Treatment that targets on response development to multiple cues. MITA has available 9 different types of games: Outlines (easy), Patches (easy/intermediate/advanced), Matching (easy), Wooden Puzzles (easy), Odd-one-out (intermediate), Elephant Combo (intermediate), Toy Combo (advanced), Analogies (advanced) and Language Game (intermediate & advanced). All the games aim to help children learn how to mentally integrate, notice and report multiple visual cues presented simultaneously at the features of an object. In addition, each activity is adapted at the child’s development level, there are animated characters and Playtime rewards that keep child’s attention, the
interface is clear and intuitive, also there are no ads and Wi-Fi is not necessary to use the app [26, 40].

In the same category there are some other apps such as, I Can Communicate, SymbolTalk, My Talker AAC, Leelo AAC, AAC Autism myVoiceCommunicator [24], Proloquo2Go - Symbol-based AAC, Avaz Pro - AAC App for Autism, TouchChat HD – Lite [39], Card Talk [27], Let me talk [8][34][24] Endless reader [7, 30], ABC Kids - Tracing & Phonics [4, 24], Autism Read & Write, Autism Read & Write Pro [24] etc.

The app is follow is a comprehensive tool supporting the therapy for children with developmental and behavior disorders, such as autism, Down Syndrome, ADHD, mental disability, cerebral palsy and others.

Happy Therapy is a comprehensive tool for developmental or behavior disorders therapy. The application has two variants. Happy therapy Home and Happy therapy PRO. The first variant, Happy therapy Home, contains games that support the therapy, the child’s progress monitoring system with the statistics and also gives the users the ability to choose the game they think that is suitable for the child. The second variant, Happy therapy PRO, gives to the therapist the option to create profiles for several children. Also contains the same games and monitoring system with the first variant with the difference that monitoring system has more extending statistics, contains organizer and gives the ability of communication between therapists and the option of customizing the games to each child [31].

4 Mobile Apps for Children with Autism in Preschool and Primary Education

Below we are presenting some other applications are not related to diagnose or intervention, but they are also very useful to families with children in autistic spectrum. They help children to deal with daily situations and improve their abilities. The first app provide parents guidance for their children.

Naturalistic Observation Diagnostic Assessment (NODA) is a medical research-based mobile app. Is used for children from 18 months to 7 years. The application’s purpose was to provide parents the proper guidance on autism traits. Users, which could be, parents, caregivers, teachers or clinicians, record and upload a video of their children and the experts can provide comments. Special technology is using to collect behavior information as “behavior specimens” from child’s natural environment. Finally, the app provide a report at the user that medical experts can use during the diagnosis process [9, 15, 52].

The apps are presented below help children with ASD to organize their daily schedule and cores, and improve socially appropriate behavior.

Children with autism is a visual schedule app. It is the first wearable picture-based scheduler. Children 4 years and older can use the application. The app’s user-friendly interface provides an easy way to the users to create their own picture-based, personalized daily schedule. Children with autism displays how much time has passed and when the event will end through icons and progress bar, helps the users concentrate in
order to complete their tasks, checks the status of a current event and is able to review all the tasks are related with the event. Finally, the users can create and edit daily and weekly schedules with simple drag and drop, either with the 14 different event icons the app contains for the school and home, and either with the icons they can create using photos [5, 45].

*Kids ToDo List* is an app for visual schedule. The app is developed based on LITALICO classrooms and aimed at children up to 8 years. There are 100 types of cards that are supported by voice sounds in multiple languages. However, the users can create original picture cards adding photos from their phone or taking new with their camera and recording their voice. Users can easily create their own visual schedule with the tasks they had to do during the day by scribbling the cards. Finally, when a user complete a task he takes a reward, such as tapping stars, collecting fish etc. [33].

*Kids task timer – visual timer for kids* is a timer for kids up to 8 years. The app helps them to complete their daily routine tasks and manage the time for each tasks, as at those ages children are confusing with the meaning of the time and they cannot read yet the clock. The app provides audio and visual alerts that helps them to follow their schedule properly [32].

*ChoreMonster* is an application that makes children’s daily chores such as brushing their teeth, eating, cleaning their bedroom etc. a fun process. The app can be used by children from 4 to 12 years. When they finish their chores, they earn points and rewards to use them for things like playing games on the tablet, getting to the movies or eating candies. Also, the chores that children are called to do and the rewards can earn are managed by their parents [28].

*Visual Schedules and Social Stories* is a visual support app that uses social stories and visual schedule to help children with autism to improve their social behaviour. This is an app can be used by teachers, parents, individuals with autism and communication or neurotypical challenges and special educators. Children from 6 to 12 years can use the application. To make their own visual schedule and social stories, users can use the program’s cartoon pictures and text. Also, they are able to upload their own images, video and audios. Users have the option to share, email and print their schedules and social stories.

Finally, it is easy to use, it has attractive interface, there are no ads and does not require internet [37].

*Social adventures* is aimed to children from 3-13 years. Children with ASD using the app can improve their social skills and relationships. Through this app children taught how to initiate and maintain interactions, how to advocate, how to get regulated, how to interpret non-verbals, how to negotiate their personal space and experience humor. *Social adventures* includes 80 activities that can be used in groups, classrooms, play dates and everywhere else. There are step by step instructions and a section with tips for parents, generalized social phrases, visuals to be used for cue cards or role paly and a sample of 8-week program. Also is a self-contained resource, as each activity can be used to augment other approaches [10, 54].

In the same category there are many other application such as, *TimeTune – Optimize Your Time*, *Happy Kids Timer-Morning & Evening Chores*, *Timo: Kids Routine

Find My Family, Friends & iPhone – Life360 Locator is an app that helps children with autism and their parents, to follow their schedule, see where their parents are at real time, text any time to them and emit SOS signal if they are in danger. Also, is a very helpful app for parents with autistic children because they can check, at real time, where their child are, when they leave school, where they go next, they can text each other and be in touched all day [43].

There are several other apps that help and support children with ASD and their families. Indicatively we present some more which belong at the top lists of the apps for autism and which have high rates at Google play and App Store. Some of them are: Autism Parenting Magazine, Sesame Street and Autism, Sensory Baby Toddler Learning, Kinder tangram: Build a House [39]. There are also some applications, such as Calm, Stop, Breath & Think, Mitra, Smiling Mind and Mood Meter, that are very useful because they help autistic children calm down, manage the situations that make them nervous and cause them anxiety, control and understand their feelings [54]. Finally, there are apps that give parents the ability to keep an eye on their children all day and know exactly where they are such as, Family Locator, Family Locator by Fameele, Find My Friends & Family by iSharing, Family GPS Locator for your Phone - Safe365, GeoLocator Parental Control, Child Safety Location, Family Locator - GPS Tracker [24] etc.

5 Conclusion

The development of technology into the field of ASD treatment and touch screen tablets has reimagined the portability, affordability, accessibility, social acceptance of obtaining information and education via technology [38]. However, there is no formal guidance in selecting and using applications. Study results show that even the most popular applications have defects that limits their educational usefulness. For that reason users are advised to carefully monitor applications before using them with children [47]. Finally, in its most optimal form, an application that intends to teach basic relational concepts to children with ASD should follow best practice strategies from early intensive behavioral intervention.

This article’s importance is that presents a wide range of applications for children in preschool and primary education, about early diagnose and intervention and other kind of apps equally helpful and that all the applications have been categorized by their characteristics. In future researches we hope to see an even more specific and detailed categorize, analysis and description of applications for children with ASD.

6 References

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